

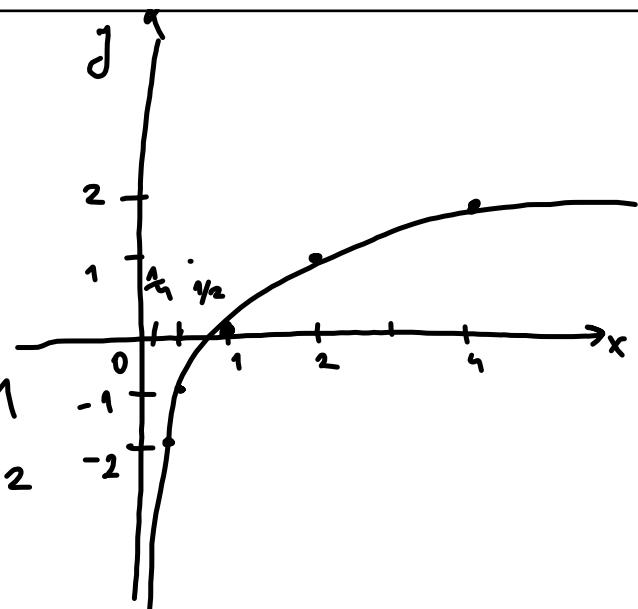
$$\text{pr 1} \quad y = \log x$$

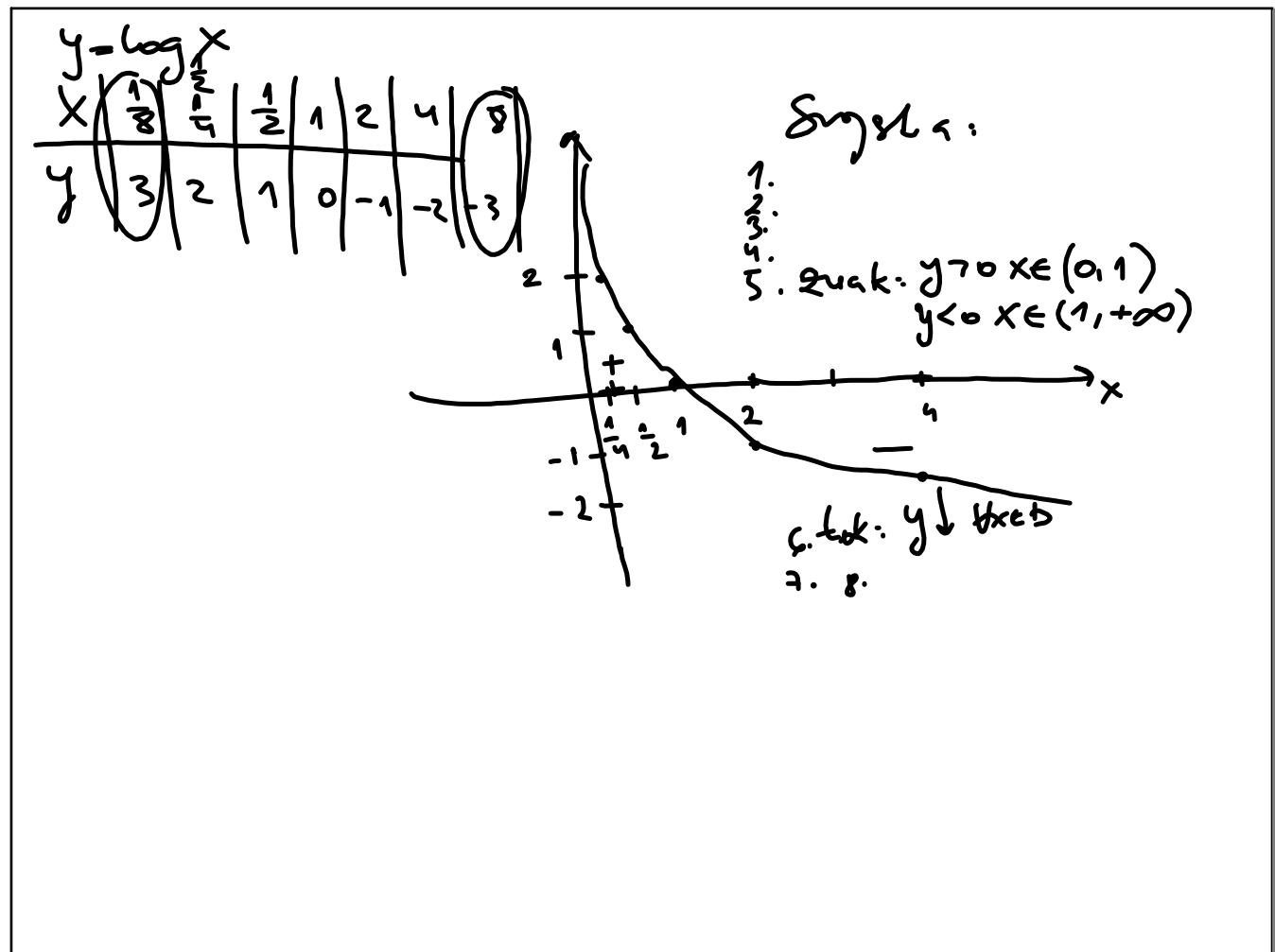
x	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$4$
y	-2	-1	0	1	2

$$y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{4} = -2 \quad y = \log_2 2 = 1$$

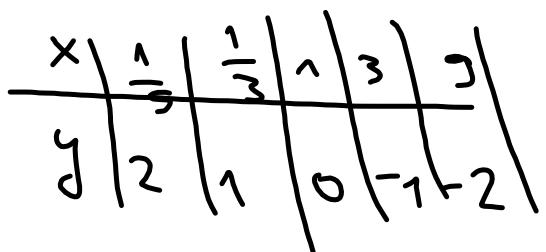
$$y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2} = -1 \quad y = \log_2 4 = 2$$

$$y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} 1 = 0$$





$$y = \log_{\frac{1}{3}} x \quad y = \log_3 x$$



1. a)  $\log_2 16 = 4$

b)  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{9} = 2$

c)  $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 8 = -3$

d)  $\log_3 \sqrt[5]{81} = \log_3 81^{\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{5} \log_3 81 = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 4 = \frac{4}{5}$

e)  $\log_{\frac{1}{9}} \sqrt{\frac{81}{49}} = \log_{\frac{1}{9}} \frac{9}{7} = -1$

2. a)  $\log_{10} 4 + \log_{10} 25 = \log_{10} 4 \cdot 25 = \log_{10} 100 = 2$

$$\log x + \log y = \log x \cdot y$$

b)  $\log 250 - \log 25$  - domaci

c)  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} 5^4 - \log_{\frac{1}{3}} 2 = \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{5^4}{2} = \log_{\frac{1}{3}} 2^7 = -3$

d)  $2 \cdot \log_6 2 + \log_6 9 = \log_6 2^2 + \log_6 9 = \log_6 4 + \log_6 9 =$   
 $\log x^k = k \cdot \log x$   $= \log_6 4 \cdot 9 = \log_6 36 = 2$

e)  $\log_9 \frac{151}{343} + 2 \cdot \log_9 \sqrt{\frac{343}{151}}$  - domaci

f)  $\log_2 2^7 - 2 \log_2 3 + \log_2 \frac{2}{3}$  - domaci